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Editorial Soard 1

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N. K. BEHURA

Introduction

The practice of shifting cultivation is of angient origin and is still widely practised in several parts of the world by tribal communities. In India 1,355,300 peres or 542,100 hectares of land are under this cultivation annually, spoording to 1976 report of the National Commission on Agriculture. But the actual area under cirect use as real on operatial shifting cultivation plans would be indeed five times more, that is, approximately seven million acres. In India 100 It is no calsed overwhelminely by tribal communities whose number is estimated variously. One estimate outs it that 109 tribul communities. 529.940 households and 2.544.250 population densed on it for their narrial subsistence (Keith, 1958). However, up-to-date date about the exect extent of shifting cultivation in India is not avallable. Shifting or swidgen cultivation has been defined as "Importanent cultivation on NII slopes or an slightly level land, after culting and burning the vegetation for rotation propping for one/two or at best three years, and then abandoning the swidden plot for repuperation" (Michaoetra, 1953). In the recent past Hill Baulyan, Juana,

Kondh, Latyla Saces, Didayes, Parcija. Kovie and other bottle enterdations of Olisan califavant thems plots almaltaneously in the same year, that it, one timityses enrichten, one second-year weldden, of an am mind-year weldden. Crope grown is all the time are different, and each is nemed differently. They pel cultivations is of course differently. They pel cultivation is of course differently than an other time cultivated as a refelled and born and therefore cultivated as a phase of reclamation of fand under forest cover for persument suithington. But both the types contribute to the steady depletion of vegetational

It must be noted that under the pame ecological condition maighbouring tribal groups may practise other types of cultivation, which depends upon the weitshillity of plain land, low land and hill terracon. For example, the Ape. Tani. have their infected terraces surrounded by the shifting cultivation picts of the Daffa in Asunachal Predesh, and in mouth Orissa, the Lunie Spora terripor the hill slopes and construct embedowers around the plots for permanent cultivation. while their Kondh and other relighbours continue to coartise shifting rultivation But the practising swidden or shifting cultivation normally do not servece or bind the stand so account account of sail Consequently after a season of rains most of the top soll is washed away exposing thereby the rooks, and the swiddener is forced to move to another area with vegetarional cover after harvesting one crop from that plot. The practice of shifting outsivetion propressively makes the hills berren During the months of February and March th. swiddeness fell the tall trees and cut the shrub and bushes that cover the hill slope plaz. They burn the withered timeer and abube during the months of Andi-May as a muck avendant for two recease-(f) they find it difficult to dispose of the dried on second and . bushes, and (ii) they use the salves as readymede menure in the shifting cultivation plot. Ashes are strown uniformly all over the plot. Seeds are dibbled

In to the soil should of the hazet of stopistion so that these may not be wrished energy, and the active function as a light cover for the sown sords. When the seeds stroot hat cender splings after initial stims these seeks provide offer protection to these seedings.

Shifting cultivation is tracticed in lifeten provinces of India, needly, Andhra Pradesh. Arunochal Predeeh, Acrem, Blhar, Karnstriks, Keryle, Madhya Psydesh, Maharatres, Maulcur, Meghslays, Nagsland, Oriess, Tamil Nedu and Tripure. The percentage of Scheduled Telbe population practising shifting cultivation in any One province veries from the other However In eleven provinces a very significant percentage of Scheduled Tribe population depends on shifting cultivation, which is as follows : Mizorem-80'74; Nagaland-77'88; Maniour-73'5; O 1962-66'S: Tripura-60'00; Arunachal Pradesh-57 69: Andh a Pradesh 51 00: Assam-47 00: Kelali-39'00; Moghalays-34'59 and Karnateks-32:00 (Mahapetra, 1988).

It is a common place that that shalling paties various is proteined by forest-density solder. In lindia or antividence the lens would be included in a patient before or antividence often in the would be included for an antividence of the lens of the control of the lens of the lens

This means that a shifting cuitivator has the privilege of getting varieties of grains, pulses, oilseeds, vegetables and fruits from the swidgen plot through a single authorston. In the first Year as the fartility is very high the avriddeners usually grow one crop, either pil-seeds or millers. In the following year a farge variety of crood starting from paddy, miller, major, pulses, chillies vegetables, egipes and sessonal fruits are proven in a planned mercer. The scode are soon in such a manger than harvesting does, not prease any problem for a swiddener although different crops become ready for respins at different points of time. In the third year eastdon nicts ere not cultivered these days as the lands are left with no feelliny at all.

Shifting cultivation in some quarters is accepted as a necessary oull as the primitive hill

and forest decollers have no other effectively than to seatting it. As they have been precision it generation after generation alone time immemorial it has pecome a way of life for them. If has undoubtedly evolved as a selfay to the otrosingraphical character of their habitat. People who lack exile posspective condemn it as psynicious and detrimental to ecosystem. In common neverthelion. It is a type of familing technology environments. In order to obvieto ettinoperatio magining about shifting cultivation it has been suppressed that the term emidden cultivation be used inseed of the termestring cuttivation. But mere change of the summinology dose not provide any multitic solution to the problem. Shifting quilibration, which is variously designated, is a crude mode of importanent pultivation. Clank-Bo augeons that any continuing acalculturalsystem in which impermenent vegetal clearances are proposed for shorter periods in years than they are followed constitutes shifting cultivation (1981). The chief cherecteristics of shifting cultivation are: (/) eptation of plate. (//) street and burn operation of segstat species, (89) leaving the used land as follow for varying number of years for requestration of vapetation. (Ar) use of family labour as chief impet, (v) non-use of modes spricultural technology and draught

There is no individual overarilly of shifting cultivation land. All such land are obber some controlled and description of the controlled and regulated by the seatilities of the controlled and shift had not been surveyed in the past, which are pentality own being traveryed in order to being their under development control. Therefore, other is the past of private for shifting outliers on the past of private for shifting outliers on the past of past and finests for shifting outliers on the past of past of pasts of shifting outliers on the past of past of pasts of shifting outliers on outliers.

animals, and (will use of crude and simple imple-

ments such as hose, dibble sticks, acrepers, knile,

assi, elclifo, esc.

Now with the standy expansion of the Coverments decinitative methods to a very rook; and comer of India, subal people have also resident than this clears and other natural recorcussioned than this clears and other natural recorcus over which they have been exercising occurred record people of the thirty that the standard forces. Policy proposed a bea on the peocitic of eithing collision on a Agriculture, (1976) rediffered this probability (Personder, 1950). The death fills probability (Personder, 1950). The death Indian Forest Bill 1930 incorporates provisions to imprement this soggestion. However the propused Bill is will being dibated at the metional level and a compubersive decision will be taken

Shifting oultivation and the Position of the

Switting published continues to be a potentialize point in the existencial potential potentialize point in the self-toodily between the foot dismission and the Government. They are accessed of being the child eleviseyers of foreign. The role of Industry and molye development, projects is conveniently elevized to the polishion. For instance, David Spurgeon entributes due setal not not heliforg cultivation and to the population pressure among the Soviet develope.

This practice annotiny descripts an million frequency of hybrid press and custom a steady descript on the feetility of the land, . In the past the spife feetility enamed to shamehoned sees over a proide of 251—250 years, as a reset of netward processes. But as possible on pressure locateuach, the custivators returned to their desproand sizes seach soons, and the period of nearest bush tables were progressively shared or the proide of the properties of the provider of 1600-2711).

Spurgeon only makes a mention of the population pressure among the forest dwellers, and he is eited on the issue of the crisconsive loss of forest land to them as a result of the expanding boundaries of the protected and Recovo Forests. This meens that the amount of hill alopes and forest land at their disposel for shifteng cuttivation at present is much less then what they had in the goot. Thus both Shake statements are true. However, Rothscround (1983:55) present a more rational viewpoint of shifting cultivation. He avera that it is part of the symbletic relationship which the forest dwelling tribes have with forset. For him it is a extinnel nursuit in the context of traditional tribal announce under specific democrathic and ecological conditions, it is the dominant pundantive entirity for expensionerally twelveper sent of the tribal population of India (1985 : 132)

Mahapatra reports that in Orises and alsowhere in the country Scheduled Castes and pessan castes who have ironigrated to hill and forest habitate also resort to shifting cultivation from time to time (1983:19). In some cases

the wanty leading from autide have epotopolisted wited lands and are unless the same in the name of pibels for childing cultivation. The practice of shifting cultivation by mountain votted interests for commercial purpose is a trite prenomenon. Thus apa's from being a mids of subsistance for the primitive forest dwelling tribule shifting cultivation dous exist in the larger cash and commercial nexus. For instance, ginger, turm ric. chillies, fruits and vegetables grown by the shifting pullbuttors of Orises and other provinos have extensive market in the plains. Howeyer, this earl of Indirect linkage of the shifting ton seeb venome teshan est with usersides moun that they are integrated with it. Wherever they produce is primarily for their self consumption and partly for meeting their other requirements. Soiltking pultivation persists, through an interplay of the occapatem, social structure and economy of the primitive tribals and this is holstored up by the appromio interests of the entysting complex societize and by the lack of

Dependence on welden or shifting cultivation.

may be considered as community based or individual based. Mahapatra has proposed a muology of swidden cultivation bested on the extens of their dependence un it as a source of livekhood, such as-(i) Exclusive Dependence. when no other type of outsivation is practised; (ii) Maury Dependence, when 50 to 75 per cent of the households depend almost wholly on it, while others may take up portfurent agriculture or other accepations; (iii) Continuent Departence, when all households of resettled, displaced of paniolames village communities may carry on swidden cultivation in their new settlement of a continuent means of sobalstance, and (IV) Massinel Dependence, when people depend on awidden outsiverion energinally, while drawing major part of their income from other sources (1983: 14-16). Roy Burmon argues that there is headly any tribe in India today for whom shifting cultivation is the exclusive dependence for sorrivel (1961: 182) it is a complex of ecclo-sultural relationship between ecosystem, local resources, and historico-sconomic relationship with encusting communities, Roy Burman evers that while aractice of shifting outlivation has a certain degree of autofromous existence of its own in the cognitive framework of the concerned communities. any attempt to Interfere with them by taking recourse to its requistion on the basis of horser environmental management to bound to meet with strong entitionse (1989:87).

An illustrative asse of practice of Shifting Cultivation

The Pacul Business of Boral in the Busication distinct of chiefs are immersionable shifting subvision in their forms and fully environment. They combine to proceed shifting curveton in Party combine to proceed shifting curveton in graving sessional on the use of forest Earth Technicals Pacul Business which included bits of the Control Business and the Sentiment of the Control Business and the Sentiment Control Business and the Senti

Since independence several consciousus inmode have been made through legislative and amounts measured onto their studioscal rights over forests and forest lands. In spite of this time Paul Biplyane continue to precise shifting or saws and lever copilipation in a reduced or saws and lever copilipation in a reduced.

Channer. It is a common practice among the Pauli Bhulyons to convene a meeting of all the household heads for consultation regarding the estection of a perch of fend for shirting cultivation or pady ches. In the meeting gradient or the village headmen and Dehuri or village orient play an important role in the selection of a fresh patch of hill stone for pody chaz. At the time of selection of the intended plot, verious ancillary fectors die token into cornideration, auch sa. duration of the recuraretive period, too toil duality, gradient of the land, etc. It is a paneral practice wave-s-days to been an uncultivated land follow for at legst 7 to 8 years. In the past the recuperative cycle was longer, reduction of the recuperative cycle is due to the shortage

Clearing of Vegetation

After the efforment of patches of hill slopes to individual households clearing of repersional cover is commenced during the months of February and March. In this operation care is taken not to slimiture, first-bearing, medicinal and useful places. These which symbolise religious excitation of a plan pacera.

The trees, bushes and other vegetative materials are left at the original spots to be dided up by the economics. During the manchs of March

and April without logs, bushes and shrubs are buint away and the sales are stroom oil over the plot before the creet of the mossoon.

Hooing and Sowing

During the months of May and June, jure after the first or second rain, both Shulyan men and women start diggling their lasting with host, and thus the lasting are kept ready for sowing assets. The day for sowing peeds is determined by the village handmen in consultation with the village prison.

The crops usually raise in the shifting pultivation fields by the Pauri Bhulvan include rape-ared, pingely (sustinum indica), mustard (brassics ormpostris), manife (elevates paracens). Aangu (Pennisatum Italicum), durbur/ (vigna outamos), maize (Zee mays), 5/1/ (pheesoing mungo), Jatems/ (pulzotia ebvasinica), Lawre (calenus inclides), hill vice, etc. In the first year only one type of pil-seed is prown. Devlerably rape-seed and in the second year mixed planution is done in a pianned manner. Seeds of verious crops are not mixed up while sowing because different pends manife at different times. The main copes during the second way publication Include miliete points and leauwingure yeartables. In the third year only hill rice is grown, if the land is found to be worthwhile for the purpose. Some people pow seeds of jell (echinochlos crus-gelli) in the third year if the

Wooding and Wetching

Weeding of wild growth is undertaken during the monith of June and July mainly by women and gish, but men size select is the operation. The weeds are pilled up on one side of the job to decompose. And it networks were deweeding operation is undertaken in the month of dischaer or November.

The standing crops need constant west hims by war of will see inmight and brids who destroy the crops. The Bhullyres build entail wistoh-him as the a rise of partiern neer that shifting outbreads point for the purpose. Westering outbreads point for the purpose. Westering with a tensity affect and seesily man and grown as born undertable the job. During the day seem woman markets the job. Juring the day seem woman markets of the familie are also engaged in westering the crops and the parties of the parties of the control of th

Maryantina

Before benefiting and travillar move to this party benefiting and travillar move the third extraction divining all the select the select describes help the over. This set of produce of their cultivation and tall us the blaste search. Office of coops for benefits of different times, and the operation conditions from Contine or April. Respire, collection of uses and travelling are all does measuring gates of contents, make any or the collection of contents, make any or the collection of blastes and other legislations only as the blastes and other legislations crops the classes.

Division of Labour

Is the practice of affecting continuous the entire stating is involved. The need of the bounded has the coverall responsibility in the ander has the coverall responsibility in the ander sourced or shifted the second practice of the coveral second practice. The coverage of the coverage

Tools and implements.
The tools and implements used in softling cultivation are vary simile and crude, such as hose, crow-butt, tiny nestooks and picks. They secue these from local weekly markets of from the local blockmith.

The Concentrated Impact of abiliting cultivation functions are as complex whole consisting of projection and wideling these role consisting of projection and wideling these role consisting of projection and wideling the contract of abiliting cultivation, particularly and according to the contract of t

site entitiet. In mess beautily offected by militing cultimation, the slettus of vegetation militing cultimation, the slettus of vegetation pass on changing until it disappears, supposing pages not. Consequently adverse condition provide against the species of the original climax liverist, when the shifting cultivation plot is abunderously for insupersistion and society or the binding selection and society of processary for the limitingselfon and society

giase appeciae in repor abbans. Once the deviction change crossed, development or requiremental in the requirement of the state of the registration, reportion and interaction of limits and suitable that dissection of the state of the registration, reportion and interaction of limits and suitable that dissection of limits and suitable that dissection of limits and suitable that the registration of the abbandance of the state of the

and.
Scientific date with regard to soil system due to abiliting outhination is facilities. Nevembries according to (15c) straight or 1750 willion facilities of 1890 willion facilities of land with environmental problem in the country only 200-million became are under abilities collections.

Nevertheless econoling to (fills) antitated on a microscopic fill of the control of the control of control of the control of the control of control of the control of

traditionally available for shifting cultivation to the pital opermunities. Large tracts of protected forests have been brought under the reserve forest ostopory. One can see this change in the State of Orissa. Fernandes says that believen 1977-78 and 1980-81 the area under forest decarbook decreased from 67,626-32 Sq. Kms. to Fa 956:30 Sq. Kms., L.e. by 12:88 per cent because of the transfer of protected and deveded forcets to the reserve calegory as well as simultaneously solessing some forest land to other government departments for agricultural, industrial and devolutionest purpose. This nancular has derived titled communities in Oritisa of large tracts of stifting outlivation land (1988 : 11).

As a result of the shortening of the recuperative a cycles of seldden picts minor presental half greaters in Crises are drying up for varying periods of time during a catendar year, investigation reveals that is O less many hill seldens as the Eastern-Chen till integs, which seed to these canacidal throughout the varies of the canacidal throughout the varie, some two to these

decarise back, the now becoming dry for three to goven roonthy during a year, perticultuly, in event where shifting cultivation is being practiced

Shifting Cultivation Sperainne Development

It has been mentioned earlier that approximately 5,28,940 households with a perceletion of 28.44 200 depend on shiftien riverseries in verying degrees for subsistance in India. Shifting cultivation, by end large. Is recognized as a permitinus made of land utilisation. Authorises ere of the opinion that in view of the environmental hazards the practice of shifting pulcivation must be stopped. But pelors this is ecopped a visble alternative mode of subelesence must be provided to the people, who depend on it for

Roy Burmen (1988:29) is of the opinion that tribel communities crestining shPlino guitivation be allowed to do so. But in order to make it sustainable in the framework of development he corroborates the views of the Shiltong Complex of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research which states that stumps of fates trees be utilized for making natural contour bunds on the hill slopes. And along elde efforte must be made to atabilise those bunds by planting natural sail grasses of suitable Ive hedges or herscultural crops like pine spole. become, citrus ofc. Thus in course of time natural ferraces on the hill secons will be formed and soil excelon can be checked. Efforts must be made to properly channeline natural hill stream water for relaing crops in these terranee. Management of natural water on the bills scientifically is an important factor to respective soil erceion as well as for rateing plants to save

The Lantis Sacre in Ganjam district of Orlege here amoraed as skilled hill slope suithvators. who are relatively well aways of the sril effects of soil erosion and have accordingly developed shelf lands to a very limited extent by constructing stone well teraces on hill stones. and bench terrores of land adictologo the perennial attestes. Now they deserve to be helped with necessary funds and newspread sechnology so as so develop further shall indipendus skill. There is no doubt that they have emerged as trend-setters among the solfting quiphato-e, they would gladly societ this method because they are now aware that extravagent use of land under shifting cultivation leads to quick ersalon at soil and tersitivy and destruction of torest wealth and gradual drying up of perennial streams affecting water regime.

Apur from this metro-aptrocers, intensive plantation programmes can be taken up for the swiddeness for providing them employment and obsenative engines of Income. Introduction of horticulture on an egionsive ecole while providing income to the swiddeners, will protect the environment. A comprehensive development programme be formulated for the swiddeners which should include agriculture, horticulture, enimal hosbander, poulty treasury aris and crefts suitable in their environment. The dayslopment package must include community and social services as well as craft-staining and environmental aducacion programmes immigration of neople from plains to hilly and forest areas must be prevented, otherwise on the one hand all attempts for sustainable development of the primitive awiddeners will be neutralized and eminated depracation will increase on

eco-systems from degradation. References

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Hand clasping and arm folding among the Reddy Caste of Ganiam district in Orissa

GITANJALI NAYAN K. ARUP KUMAR PATRO

Whee an industrial closes both his hands entwining his fingers, either the left of the right Finance commiss on the two of the consequencies fingers. This pagers of head clessing is clearly marked by the position of the thumbs of both hands. If the right thumb remains over the left thumb the Individual is denoted as right hand clasper (R Dype). If the left thumb, the Individual is a left hand clasper (L. type).

Similarly, when an individual tolds his most scross his clear, he places either his right arm over the left (R type) or the left arm outs the right arm (L. Nos).

These different types of hand clasping and arm folding are due to the dominanco of one limb over the other. The exact resson of this timb dominance is still continuously and the mode of inheritance of dominance of fimbs is not definitely known.

Luz in (1908) Was first to point out the variation in the planning of hards and later Welney (1932) introduced the treit of arm folding. These two traits were later consider used by many workers to the metuals of dominance of limbs, such on Dougsey, 1926 and Colleg 1081 to consisting pursua by Fester-Malastal (1800) Polateons (1989), Puga (1981). and also in twin studies Dahlberg (1826). Freise Male (1968) observed sax differences after studying different population but Lai and Walsh

(1988) did not find any you difference in the Whites, Australian and New Guinean population. Roos (1981), relad to about that nestating of band classping depends on egs. As the age increases the percentage of the right hand claster increases

Studies on hand classing and arm folding on Indian population have also been parried out by Malhotra (1968-67), Malhotra and Bhanu (1986-57), Baneal (1958). Deks Mehspatra (1970). Veently and Savanovavan (1971-72), Sloop and Goleti (1978), Vilava kumar etal (1978) and many other investigators

Materials and Methods

The Reddy are a Telugu speaking agricultural caste living in the Ganiam district of Orisas, Which lies adjacent to the northern border of Andhra Predesh. The present study brings out an investigation on hand classing and sim folding of Reddy male and Temels. For the purpose unrelated Reddy male and female in the tige ritings of 16 to 50 years of spe from various villages under Rangellunds Blook of Ganism district were extented. The data collected in 1986 include 108 mele and 102 female. The

Results and Discussion

netzerns were recorded after careful observation. Table. I presents the perpentage fraguetry of hand elzenine among the Reddy nasin is is observed that the "R" type hand sisspens are (6470 p. c.), the female showing a higher

percentage of R* type hand coopers then male. The sexual variation is not significant as seen

Name XY volume
2 Table-2 presents the percentage frequency
of this arm holding of the Recity cases. It is
observed that the Neddy make exhibit evers it
page (0.2 and p. o) of ser folding when
the control of the Recity of the Control
to one of

To type 37.44 p. o. 2 amb program are more. Our because difference in cleanwall from the X² value.

Table-3 presents the association between head cleaning and arm folding. The on-aquare value indicates that the association between head observed and are folding is non-accepted to the program of the control of the contr

Table-4 presents percentage frequency of hand costoling and arm lolding of some gopula tion with whom the present sample was compared. For companyon chi-aquare test was computed and the results are presented in table-5. The present sample was compared with the holio and the Gartebe of Driete and the Kolam, the Predhte the Re: Gond and sho Chosoliu of Andhra Pradesh. The Note is a Yelogu speaking fishing group and the Godebs is a tribal group of Oriesa where as the Kolam. the Predition, she Ris Gond and the Chenchy are agere values of hand clasping compansion show that the Reddy is only estimically significant with the Chenchy of Andhra Pragesh and in arm folding the Reddy is statistically promisions with

the Predham, the Rai Gond and the Chetcho

Table-6 priss his presentage frequency of tope of hand classifies and sam folding an some population of the smoot. It is coleaved that majority of the population of the smoot of the present of the population shifted legislar framework of the population earliest legislar framework of the population and the legislar of the present of the population of the present of

The sable also shows that the percentage frequency of 1% type of am folding a composite briefly low in apputition presented in the babil Ecopit emong the Russians with a low a very hugh frequency of 1% type of arm folding. The present semple of Photop costs was a which if ow

Vigney Essent roll (1939) respect to the disput processor of the part of section of the part of sections and the section of the part of sections and the section of the sec

 NANDA, S. Golour billedness and other Genatio mails of the Gabace of Sc. dissentation. Uttail University 1973;

Padht, The study of Genetic traits among the Nova of Gopalputor-ass. M Sc dissertation. Berhampur University 1983)

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A Remain and J. S. Murb. P. 265—272

				ABLE 1			
			of hand class		the Red	dy Casta	
		Right hand	Left	hand			
Sog	No.	n 1		%	ď	χı	Probability
Mtia	108	69 55	88 47	49/24	1	177	0°20 > p > 0°10
Female	102	05 0	170 38	35.29			
Total	208	125 00	09 83	39 90			
				BLF 2			
	1		of Arm folding		Raddy	Caste	
Sex	No.	Right hand			elf	X ²	Probability
-		* %		- %	or	۸,	Probability
Male	108	86 62	93 BO	47-17	1	1 978	0:30>p> 0:20
Ferneto	109	40 , 44	12 87	02.88			
"ecal	200	101 49	88 , 107	87.44			
			TAB	LE 2			
		Association	between hand	alasping as	nd arm	folding	
Hard C-seping	Arm Fooding	Observed Prequency	Expected Frequency	Difference	ď	Хз	Probability
L		39	40:70	3 70	1	1-098	0:30> p <0.20
я	R	67	80:70	370			
	R	44	40'30	370			
8	L	63	64.30	3:70			

TABLE 6

Chi-square values obtained after comparing the Reddy ceats with some population

						Chi-squere	eulay	
				df	Hand	Clasping Probability	Am	Probability
Reddy l	ís.	Nolls		1 [8100	9:70> p> 0:60	0.412	0°70> p> 0°60
Reddy 5	a.	BdebeD		1 1	1 48	0°30> p> 0 20	0.916	0 ·50 > p > 0·30
Reddy I	Vs.	Kolama		1 for all	1-66	0°20> p> 0°10	0.881	0.50> >> 0.30
Reddy (/#	Pradher		[100	0.023	0:80> p> 0:90	2:03*	0°10 > p> 0°05
Reddy V	3.	Rej Gond	-	: :	0.008	0°95> p> 0°80	2:002*	010>p>008
Reddy V	'A	Checohu		j l	1442*	P<0'01	3·078*	0·10> p> 0·08

[&]quot;Significant at 8 per curs level

Degree of persistence of untouchability and discrimination in the Caste and Tribal societies of Orises

P. K. MIBHRA (B)

The prepent paper mainly deals with, the outcome of Investigations Inco the attitudes of savetnes adivests and other Harlian centes towards the Pene and the Gands. It sets out to examine the trend of atticude and level of discrimination in a versety of situations and interactions with particular reference to Curtack and Sundaegarh disnicts of the coastal and wastern sub-cultural regions of Ortune respectively. The data are drawn not only from Kosspur and Kolobina so the base villages of the two sub-cultural region in depth, but also from the near by villagos of the two districts, from about seven hundred respondents.

The Sample

well as the degree of surrement and disagreement through a common schedule. The majority of the respondents were between 21-45 years of ace and particularly those who had the right of Sranchise, with three R's education and were known to be the often in their circles. At the number of educated persons were comparatively tees among the Harlians and adverts, such espendents who took leading rates in the village affairs were included in the semple. Thus the sample includes the respondence who straight commoded shair respective jest activities and alsoyed decisive spies to both public and polyste spheres of village lives. From each /At/, at least forty respondents were personally interviewed during the period from 1900 to 1888. The details of the

	District	Outsex.	Sundargach
	Social Strata	Jetia	Jerja
A.	SAVARNA	1, Brahaman (6)	1, Brahaman (B')
		2. Khandeyet (K) 3. Barike (Ba)	2. Abarle (A') 3. Barike (Be')
B.	HARIJAN	4. Dhoba (d)	4. Dhobe (d')
		5. Chamer (c) 6. Kendara (k) sodinat Pana	6. Chemer (e') 6. Chee: (g')
Ç.	ADIVARE	NI	7, Shulyan (Sh) 8. Khadie (Kh)
			B. Kissr (Kr) aprine' Gands

Techniques of study

As the attitudes and presponse of everyodity were not exactly to sever that it is about fact in a state chical and segmental appear, one of the property of the sever offered to be in everyodities and access, and control to the sever offered to be in everyodities and access for the sever offered to the sever offered to the sever of the sever

with in help of an approximal schedular distribution of the second schedular distribution of the second-second schedular distribution of the second-second schedular distribution of the second-second schedular distribution of the second schedular distribution of the se

tions covering virsus recent of the next will be meritional above. For the purpose of another is not obtained and the purpose of another is not obtained and the purpose of the scale virginiary of the scale long-scale will be a scale virginiary. The scale long-scale will be a scale virginiary of the positive and regarder statutes, but site to reced the varyage of discussivations or a fine that stiplest degree of discussivations or a fine that stiplest degree of discussivations or a fine that stiplest degree of discussivations of control respective and common of respective that the politic scale variety of the sc

The schidule contained twenty eight ques-

- (a) completely agree [1]
 (b) some [2],
- (c) adifferent and indectaive [3]
- d disagrye [A] and
- (e completely disagree [5]

Discoss was cateropid in drintrawrong the schröduse to ensile that the expondents will addition confidence or moved by the indevidence. Several check questions were included to ensure confidency in the response pattern. The analysed data of the 99%-point date here been presented in ensure of severale scots value for each clearly be of the sample. (See Apparatual)

Q. 1, Do You like to visit Pens/Genda streets ?

The bibilitied date purrolling to the question-copied that the Barble of Outcotte, show the biblewed degree of discrimination (2.94) than the pathware (2.79) and Kinedurat (3.77). Most of the Barbla regional of the Barbla regional of the Barbla regional or the plants, become tree a no need of going to that? On the concern, the behavior and Kinedurat received and concern that the pathware and Kinedurate received and concern that the pathware and Kinedurate received and the concern that careful and the concern that the pathware and Kinedurate and other to content the Pane

The Dhobe (50%), Chema (1922) and Kindia (417) discovering signature parameters for the Para co-vollager 1; is, Novemer, consectively the Bar to resonant 1; in Docksa disquiry a Sighe-har to resonant 1; in Docksa disquiry a Sighe-har to the Para most offers with 4 and silicant than 10 miles of the Para most offers with 4 and silicant than 10 miles and 10 miles the region with 64% silicant than 10 miles and 10 miles than 10 miles 10 miles of 10 miles of 10 miles of 10 miles 10

The sentice of Sundarganh shows the item of the discriteration is miller to thus of Custed. The Brahmer (3-63) Again (4:27)*Brid Bruch (3-63) Again (4:27)*Brid Bruch (3-63) Again (4:27)*Brid Bruch (3-63) Again (3-64) Again (3-

Movement in majers and adverse of the deduct show certain (sairty and liberal attribute against the Ganda os the severity of disc infination is progressly own than its pleasate in Cytistic.

Increasing, the Gase (s. 68) section selection deviations are performed apparent the Stands for the league as relatively ricustly apparent to Stands for the league as relatively ricustly apparent to the transfer. For the section of the relative section of the s

Q. 2. Do you like to sit with Pent Gonds ?

The question sees to accessor the distinctive of the just two treget to inting questy with the Pancy Canda. The data suggest that the silling hearings of the respondent of different just experience of different just experience of different just adjustice, and analysis of the supposed dispersion of adjustations. In earlier to project the convention adjustations in earlier to project the convention appears of the balancies and the composeding activates of the balancies and the composeding activates of intractices are distributed to intractices are distributed to the convention of the balancies and private software and public minutes.

21 Private sphere

Though it competes a wider snat of interactions. the researcher has table into conditional strate spheres of ntatastion which appetes in one's

being close with 8 Paci, Tank or 1% to the of 5 Seven(Mark Lat to the 10 strongly disorded. Doctor to Remark's disease to the September with the selection of the September of the September of the selection of the September of the September of the selection of the September of the September of the selection of the September of the September of the links opened as September (September of the sevent terms of the September of the September of the sevent selection members of the member of discuss and Valencia members of the member of discuss of Valencia members of the members of the selection of the discussion of Valencia members of the members of the selection of the discussion of the members of the selection of the discussion of the members of the members of the discussion of the members of the discussion of discussion of the discussion of discussion of

The date from Custook district suggest that the electric of the Berlitz respondents (174) is almost equal to that of the Brohman's (1777) against the Pana. The Khandeyet respondents (2:00) on the other hand sources that they do not mind altring with the Pana because of Well come traditiones in hange (Lockpess) and are not so I gid as the Brahmen and Schile

Among the Scheduled Cestes the discrimingtory attitudes of the Dhobe (166) and Chamer (166) are equally rigid against the Pana, but the arestude of the Kandara responsiones (233) is, homeon a new two terror (not the Khandarat

In Sundergarh, the Braherest respondents (1.26) seemply refuse to all with the Cande. In private affairs. Heart is them are the Brahla (1.77) and Agens (2.25) respondents, whose districtivenessly settled ware much respond

The Novince like the Dhobe 181), Chose I (14) and Ghose 170), however, and the novince of monopolities expenses towards the Garden sequences towards the Garden sequences towards the Garden sequences towards the Garden sequences and the Indicates that the describelance among the Return National Sequences of the Sequence of Sequence (190), and Sequence of Sequence (190) and the Sequence of Sequence (190) and Sequence (190)

22. Public sehere

Particulary stem 1988, this puople of either discrete gradually become contension about the interest productive missions applied discrimination about the leave of portuctive missions applied discrimination of uncontrolled to public places of uncontrolled the second of uncontrolled uncontrolled

Invariable all the Justit & adiquel in the sample have connected a high degree of halfy and find-billion on the control of the desired and the delivery in the control of t

arthydes compared to their counterparts of Sundercarb. In spite of this fact, the sense of discrimination against the Pens/Gande are still there with the respondents of either region

Q 3 Do you like to sit with Pana/Genda political feeder?

It is observed that the savazous of Currack seldom wish to six with the local national feeders of the Pane community. They do not think that # Pans pointing leader is in any way different from a common Pana, excepting the fact has has the ability and also to speak to and seen operage with certain casts Hundu landers of the State. However, when a Pana is recognized as the State level, he same a relatively high excess In the appliery. Most of the respondents of Cuttack however agree to sit with a Patin leader. if he is aducated nest and clean and has true leadership querry but the Brahman and Barika

respendents show little rigid annuals The data of Sundergaris show that cases Hindu people of the district are not their enthusizetic to sit with the Gende politics leaders. Thus it suggests that the people of Cuttack are more resident their their counterpasse in Sunday-Q4rh

Q.4 Do you she to have free mixing with Pene and Ganda ?

It is an obvious fact that the sayame/Shell-lok as wall as other tractage, evoid free mustar, each and among the known people. Presupposing the pattern of inferention, four different zones of interaction are identified to record the differential

stritudes, f sny 4.1 In the Street

The date of Cuttack signify that support the Kendaro (2'55) and Khandavas (1'85) all other ratio continue decline to heve free mixing with the Pana, Mureover, the Kenders and Khandayut respondents have expressed some reservations tows do free mixing with the Pana, personally in this own streets. Although the score value of Kandara shows a high degree of desire to heve free mixing with the Pane, it is not an Autorificant.

In Sundarparh also it does not show such high degree of free mixing with the Genda, except the respondents of the Agen's (2-12) Chamer 2:37. Ghesi (2:58), and Khadia (2:8) communities. The reason is that these pommunities in the past were highly d scriminered against by the Bhal lok According to them free relation a the sesontials of community if and if we do not mor with them, then what a the necessity of keeping them inside the village. Thus the Attack, mon-Hinduized tribes and the very your percentions of Herisana have more amountly towards the Genda than others

4-2 In the village

a compareon with the interaction within the village street, the Brahman (1.42). Khandavet (200) Chamer (216) and Kenders (240) have shown a bacter attleude gowerds free mixing at village sevel in case of Sundarger's shough the ethnic clouds have shown a libera, and cethous actitude towards the Ganda, the degree of cashquicity is not so high as pharried to C. Meck

4.3. Outside the village

The respondents of both the districts bear a still high degree of ilberal stillude in regard to their free mining with the Pane/Survice outside their willege as there is less chance of un mide tion or harassement by the fellow pasts men

4nd. In Public Places

The data -idicates that informants of every jest responded in clearer steins regarding their attilude lewayds discr minetion in public places But the degree of liberality is not as buch as t is expected to be. The Dhobe (4:27), Charact (4.15) and Kenders (4.57) of Cuttuck have sistems almost no discurrication against the Pana Whereas in Sundance It except the Anaria (4.10) and Chamer 14 22), others have not harborred a very libers, stritude towards the Ganda in their

E. Do you like to allow Pana/Ganda to Your house 7

Interactions to public places S-1 In the V rage

The data indicate that the Brehman (1:30), and Khendayat (1.90), however, allow the Pane to enter allo the out-house for lesping various agricultural products while the Dhoba (1-05) and Chamer (1995) seidom allow them, In-Sundargach, eapept the Apena (170), others simpet equally discriminate boarret the Garda as regards the altery the out-houses even in realty no ceate or tribe like their presence In the house unless there a some work with them.

8 2. In the Town

The same respondents have shown their cognitives with perfein amount of fiberal emisude towards the entry of the Pana/Sanda to their houses. If located in towns. In towns, they pre not albeid of she'r Jet/ men, and the father have little scope to know about this, that is, cetty of Heritage to their houses. The duta however, clustiv indicates that respondents of Cuttack have shown a high degree of liberality their sheir coursements in Sundamen-

6. Do you like to sell your agricultural land to any Pana/Ganda ?

The date from Cuttack do not show any encouraging response owing to the fact that most respondents have the opinion that by decrease the number of landless people who satisfy autoly the agricultural labour to them et their doors. However, among others, the Khandayat and Dhoba (2.80) offer cens.n. Amount of consent to the proposal

In Sundargarb, the Bhulvan and other tribal groups express their disagreement for a different reason. That they do not like to sail their At a semilation of the semilative and the ecritolitural land to a low seate. But the Her.ans (Re Dhobs (2-58) Chamar (2-04) and Ghasi (2:12) have shown not so riold an atritude of the lasse. The people of Cultuck are, more or less, because entiring their ages-

7. Do you fits to set your horsestend and to any Pana/Ganda, if in distress ?

The data mounts comparation views of the responses reported from Outseck and Sundergerh y is leaves that the people of both the ragions show more oursenvetive attitude towards the homesteric and then the agricultural land Customerly, the Harliss dwellings are located outside the main alreads of the villege therefore, most severae respondents dissorbe with the proposal. The objecting feeture is that the Hartune too depress unwillingness to buy homsened land from savamas inside the village The date further reveal that the respondence of Cuttack are relatively more unwerted than their sounderbarts in Sunderbarts. The resson is that for the latter homewood land is easily available and the cost of homestead land is not an exorbitant as in C., renck

f. Do you like to admir Paus/Ganda Into vi stos tumeras?

During the interview the reasercher gomes across a number of opinions regarding the sample entry by the Pana/Ganda. The data of the . aither region indicate that the Barks (1 30) of Cultack and the Bhulyan (178) of Sundargert vehicently object to it, while other case groups and tribe communities offer mixed views and reactions. The Brohmans of Cutteck (2.12) and of Sundarpark (2-16) remain mostly indifferent for the fact that they are utmecessarily socused and blamed for hindering the progress of Har lans. They further, say shat they only worship in the temple, but the page ites on others to protect the assisting of temples. So why should they be a party to the dama of the rights of temple entry to the Pane? The non Hinduized trines of Sunderpark, viz the Khedle (2.65) and Klanan (.42) also mostly maintain Indifferent estitude as the multipriviless to an artifest useus of the Hundam, On the other hand some Harlison of both the recions arous that there is no musou as to why they are disallowed, into the terrole when they believe and promittees the same and and poddess as the savente, Bhall Jolf do They are of the opinion that they may be allowed to get the darsan (view) of the delty. However, Haritans lise Chemer and Gheel of Sundargath refuse to enter the tempte for their. Nighty Impure enciles, 100

9 Do you -ke to purchase graceries from Pana/Genda groopere or ehop, keepera?

It is swident that the severne/85e/-/or Java W discriminate agrices the Haruse abou-keepers Therefore, the Pens/Qande are porventionary discillowed to preo cornery shops. But In Penniformia From ownedance, it can be said that the concer neperally assessed ... shealtantly the shope from where goods are sold in cheaper mile particularly in weekly markets. It is procuse of the feet that the weekly me-ket is epitomised as a citationego centro where pollution barrier is desired negligible. But within a vicage the propie seldom purchase goods from the shops without knowing the ritue status of the shopkeeper. For such ressen, two importent eituetions are identified to note the differential attitudes of the respondents, and these are (1) within village and n (2) weekly merkets.

9.1. Within the village

The date show that in Cettack, except the Khendeyat (2 60), other part diverse does not support to the purpose goods. Note the Paine aboptivepers. Furthermore, the Discondingst and the Kindeyat sepondents gape to guarate and the Kindeyat sepondents gape to guarate day, raw and packed seen only from those. The pain telepolities of Summingram and the paint of the paint

respondents of Cytteck.

The degree of distortionation in its mounty movies to Custine region is well-off Descript That, where it re two distinct: substances it passes to the purchase of grassive from the Parket graces. In Spandageach, however, other board to the purchase of grassive from the Parket graces in Spandageach, however, the situation. The situation of the properties of the properties of the situation of the situation. The situation of the si

10. Do You like to Invite a known Pane/ Ganda to any of your personness ? Cuttometry the Hayans are Invited by the Severne Bhal lok and vice verse to alsond various ceremordel correlions to strengthen mutual resolicable. But the hospitality normally appointed to the lower jetle, particularly the Panal Qanda a rether demeaning. Therefore most Pena/Gérida feelters to artend the feetive occasions of higher (sole. However, the established estationships between the higher and lower fat/s make them visit each other. During the enquiry, It has been observed that the attitudes and the revered behavioural patterns, are of varying order with regard to the following petapores of lovities (1) an Incingos friend. .2) as on-villager and (3) as a known portionen

10-1. As Intimate friend

It has been found that most retimate friends are often that to each clark by situal invendable, bonds, and consequently their are treated with utmost fore and harour respective of their plate. The data suggest that most of the higher cetter mitte their Para, Ganda serimate friends and other body of their regions which has oblighed to the regions which has oblighed to the regions which has only the plate in the other har other to the regions which has only the regions which has only the regions which has not been plated in the regions which has not plated to the region of the regions which has not plated to the region of the regi

reflects their closer association and vocational Follage. The tase of such invisation is Insvitably higher in Sundargarh district their Cuttack

10'2 As co-villegers

In fact, the well-to-do personal years by layting all con-villigems. The mant cleanment precifice is to larvise thicke Plazzi-(Zarada with can render far-services or have been encodering services or have been encodering services to the plate referred how. Enrolling the Plazzi-(Zarada sa statement of the plate of the

10-3. As known gentlemen

It is the usual rendency among the Several/ Shel-lot that they never consider the Pena/Ganda as gordonam. The term is applied to these

educated higher fatt members who malmship a good moral character. Havvever, is few leaders of their communities can be considered as gentlemen. Threefore, the response to evolution secund extremely poor.

11 Do you like to socept cooked food from educated Pank/Gende lenders ? Esting cooked food from a lewer /etr other than one's own outcometily degrades one's

than our's own systems(i) degrades one's must stram. Adoptions of contact foot from that stram. Adoptions of contact foot from that stram out only cause severe literatic path. Identify the strain of the strain of the Sevened/Ahr-los from the center for such reason contact foot from Pervillance is to book, despits the latter is either educated or har high evolute status in the society. Temporary applied beyond is though no

began a noneversettit mettick, yet the segon been an alluminary towerds the sold prepared the far Farad Gardin. The data of Correct and the far Farad Gardin. The data of Correct and section for the segon of the second section of the studies for the second section of the right commental exhault. It is request from 1.2 at 10 to 1

12. Do you like to socupt Invitation from known Pana/Gande 7

Customerity all casts and tribal groups are obliced to receive the Invitation from the Panal Gands, if the latter are known olther as an indmate idend, co-villager and a gentlemen.

12-1. As intimate friend The date of Cutteck suggest that most Intimate friends from the Fate community do invite the asyame to maintein mutual valutionships It is found that the Barika respondence (2.28) son what discrimings anglest the Pune in this regard compared to the Brahman (2:37) and Khandayat (283). Among the energenes, the Dhobs (2'03) discretinate the most than the Charrier (3'16) and the Kandara (3'20) However, the respondence of Sundargarh axivibit a high degree of liberal stiffsule than their souptercer's of Cuttack. Furthermore, the tribal ground harbour a still higher degree of should and question affected than the Bruhman (2:57) and Anaria (416). Thus the shous of the Ganda Is acknowledged relatively higher than the Pana to staw of the empiress data.

12:2 As on Villager in constrary to the Pank of Cultuck, the Sanda offer the unitations more frequently to the Bhat lok as the data show.

12 3. As known gentlemps

Compared to the above two categories, it is eneculated, the Pana/Gunda may titlely to Irefte the saveran/Shat-tok as pentlemen. But it places a reverse brend, an the larger do not profin to be Invited as gentlemen to attend some functions

13. Do You like to dies with People

Gende 7 The responses pertaining so the quastion have been spilleded with regard to times different simultions, vix, in private spheres, in social eccemonies and in public places.

13:1 Private spiters.-The date of Cutterix show that the scole yeares of the fecia of the eample do not rise above 2:00, which signify that these justs aspect they disogreement to dine with the Page. Similar trend of rasponees are received from the respoodents of Sundargerh, eatings that the Ghas

\$4.153 who have fairly agreed to ding with the Genda Compered to Sundergerh, the respondeers of Cuttack rating exhibit some desgree of Sexchiller in this matter.

13-2 Social caremonies

it refers to the occasions of marsisce end village community feests. In this pass, the decree of disprimination to recorded to be the highest then two other situations in both the aub-cultural region. In Cuttack, when the Berika. Dhobs and Charter (eech 1,00) totally disastine to dine with the Pana, some of the Brohman (116) and Khandey st (1.62) and Kandara (1.45) expressed their liberal attitudes On the other hand, the respondents of Bundargash including the tribal groups, show a high degree of negative stricude n this regard than their counterparts of Outtack

13-3 Public Places

The date clearly show a substantial rise of accretements in favour of dinling with the Pans/ Ganda in the wither region, it is found that more of the severe, Shellish excesse their willinguess to dies for the fear of constitutions provisions. But among others, the kneduta (2) 70) of Cultipox and Ghosi (2-42) of Sundermuch have really offered their most positive removes to disp with the Pane and Garda

54. Do you like to bring a suitable Panel Gande bride for your son?

The saual response to the question is that no one in the resal area thinks of getting a bride for the family belonging to a paste other than his own. And the bride particularly from Pros/Ganda same is beyond one's imagination even it she is soltable in all other respects. Thus, as parent and as well-wisher, they would never account the idea though our consultation announces of it. Many respondents fight shy of this issue on the piec that there is no death of eads in their own caste.

By accepting a Pana/Ganda bride as marriage narrow, one not only loses his casts identity but also the village, fineage and all traditional Date with other blos. It is rether a autoide entempt for the family Therefore, a sensible man cannot think of going for such interested mentage at the cost of his peaceful femou-life Above sil, selecting a bride for a Hindu family involves several socia religious considerations.

The data of Cuttack district reveal that the severa rescondents rather show liberal attitude shan the Dhoba (*12) although the latter belong to the assverne stretum. The assverne Nos Chamar (1.44, and Kandara (2.03) Jiowowei express a higher degree of liberal artitude there all the satis. The data of Sundamark size glaim that Charge (1.72) and Ghas (3-48) have deploted a still blobus decree of concental attitude than their counter name of Conack Moreover, it is found that the trivals are equally Maid a This matter for respons of their own like the husber fet/s who consistently nurture it very rse beyond 1 25

16. Do you like to negotiete a merriage for Your despiter with a sultable Pana, Genda groom ?

In no way dissimilar from the prayings quantion. Some respondence, however, give the full assent to it. They senue that when a father has a forging to have his departure entry a possible material comforts, what Is the harm. If a Harriso (Pana Ganda secure a salacted from an positions. Many of them seem to substantially egree with this view, but they are highly afraid For such social constraints, the practice of and it seem ment age to see Ideology in this damocratile pountry

One of the major constraints is that the younger unmerried brother and stater normally Too serious problems at the rime of their Charciabas. They seedly to a us made to 1 tops proposals from two avers and so on ed respectable femilies. Dunne the merylaw it was great that Mr X, who becomped to a higher /ar-Bod who had married a Pana woman foiled to find a standard bands oronge from busines detile for the associated has received a somber of proposals only from Page community. Instead Henze giving II son/drughter in merrison to I marger of low casts is to deg add one's catts etacce once for all. Similar exemples are also put forward by the respondents of Sundargath It is further found that those who some to the Avenue at the last margaret state in increase. who they are informed about its diff consequences.

though score differently, have accepted the matter relatively ibecally than others. The jects of Cuttack do repress contensative attitudes and do not differ at all in their attitudes whether it is a Pans groom/bridg.

- 18 Would you have objections? If their le a love merriege between
 - 18-1 Your san and a Pana/Ganda Olri-18:2. Your databter and a Pana/Ganda boy:
 - 16 3. Your brother and a Pane/Gends girl
 - 1616. Voor steter and a Pana/Ganda hov: It a the consensus that love manage is

equivalent to registered marriage, so the parents or quardiane have no legal right to reles voice egainst it. Under the piraumstances, the marriage has to be eccepted overthy; but the point, is that whether the family members would accept In this case the responses and resocions are cooked food prepared by a Pana/Ganda ciri and whether she can offer objetions the manes on ceremonial occosions. These, Infact, crests requiring problems in a family. Therefore, parente are averse to the idea of love-merrison partiqually with a Pana/Gunda boy or old

Comparing the data it has been found that

the read orderes of Cuttack show liberal attitudes than those of Sundargarh. The cases and tribe, groups of either region give almost uniform and similar type of opinion whother it partsins to their son or daughter, but with regard to their brothers and alsoes, they offer a fairly ipend power than the former because they our disposed any responsibility in this matter. This data closing abow that the oseres of Currock fosser in Elsassi attribude than the loseree and tribue the averages of Controls also exhibit a high decree of liberal estitude than their Equitorourse

17 Would you like to have services from Traditional practice is that the Pany/Gonda

render verious services to the sevense Sher-lok though they essume the stigme of artouchsbilly Among which the ritual domestic and egricult, all services are of utmost importance.

171 R tue: Service The severne of Cuttack are largely in feature

of utilising the ritial services of the Pane as it. a Sundardark the Ohong (1.82). Charger is obligatory for them. But most energing do (4.73) Ghaz (3.62) and Klaan (1.45) respondence not seek the titual services of the Pana, expentive certain manual lobe. In respect of the ritual services, the restlement of the Brahman .390). Chandaver (2:55) and Berike (2:46) ere impher) communed to the Dhobs (1.76), Chemer (2.26). and Kondore (1 12). Is algoilles that the savances discriminate less than the ecevernes, while the Pane model nicel service. Similar wend in the data have also been recorded from Sundargerh. where it is found that the service relationships are based on their traditional linkages with the Gende. Moreover compared to the Brehmen (3.76) the responses of the Chamer (111) and Charl (* 00) ere guite lower and conservative. The tribal groups like the Bhuryan (1-10), Khadia (1:00) and Kissn (1:00) too demonstrate negative attitude towards the pervios.

17-2. Domestic shores

The respondents of either region express they disagreement to engage the Pena/Ganda in their household activities. The degree of disagreement shown in Custoki is as high as in

17.3 Agricultural Work

The date in this regard suggest, that almost all steppones of respondent regular that services at the Peas, Gards, nouding the Harijane and mibes of either region.

18. Would you like to serve for Pane/ Gands, if required?

The revenue of Cuttack and the Bhas-Act of Sundargain sub-cutteral regions express verboneovastive options as regards rendering of their services to the Pene, Ganda. As the options of the perpondents differ remarksby 11 seasons conversing to cell with the terms indicendently.

18-1 Altue's:

In to observed that mosphing, the approved Files services the plate of Cutter, deathy enhance to variety any files service as it would be coignized to by their cests members. Compared to the Bromen (1 20) of Gutterfu, the Brethnen (1 10) of Sundregarh express a high degree of despiperous). The Berlick (1 60) is mare liberal than the Bealta (100) of Sundregarh, an ownered to the higher place, the tribal groups of Sundregarh has been selected to go Sundregarh has been selected to the selected to go Sundregarh has been selected to go Sundregarh has been

18.2 Domestic chores

The concerned data show that she degree of discrimination is very high in both the regions.

18.3. Agricultura: works

The notworthy feature is that their is no another hirther introd. and discrimination against the Plana (Bande in this regard as agricultural works are considered careful.). Though the plan and addressin do not adhugely destine to redder such services to the Plana/Enrik Pury. Nowever, excepted the prevalent notifies of deservating deciding plant of the plana (Enrik Pury.). Nowever, accepted the prevalent notifies of deservating deciding positions to live coercis. The responses in this coercist is quite positive, under the plant of th

De you think that Pana/Sanda are more girty and unclean then you are ? Traditionally the Pana/Ganda are dissolut-

Traditionally the Prant/Markas are observed and the good of being offer and unclaim. They have considerably changed their life style, but how the villagest belonging to different cases conceive them in series of dress and pessonal hydron is discussed below.

18.1 In Dramese

The date suggest that, in Cuttast, except, the Berman (197) other do not decembars another gastest the Pass with regard to drive. The Raddes (420) do not distinstenate at it? Compared to Dhobe (237) and Chemic (200). In Studiespath the despite of disconsistation agrees the Garoys in this regard is quite fower than it. We in Guttack Disartic. The tribes groups rather shows they as salitude than the center groups, when other Heritania suchans very high Blass institudes.

19.2. Personal hyglene

Personal commisses passe a dominant role in affecting the discriminating actuals of highes affecting the discriminating actuals of highes affect in both the places. Except Kenders who while that there is a moto to notice by very of improvement. Particularly, among the responsibility of Sundargeth the Champy and these doctal that Gmids hype been constitutionally to keep them-

Do you feel that Pene/Gende are eachewing unclean practices ? Essentially the Pane/ Gende like other

Her yan ceases in the Stete followed Sensitivity action and have actived cortain answer prestices. Except the Brainways (2-85) others have given a high operation instead of the year they have sechieved some of their unclease practices. Compared to the date of Custock at its favorable reservity was postered from the repondents of Sundeapeth about the Ganda.

Thus it Indicates that the Goods have applicated relatively a large number of unclean practices

21 Do Pens/Genda omulate modern way of tiving ?

Retering to the data of the previous question, It has been aspertnised that Pana/Genda are emu-sting modern ways of fiving more councilquously. The process of modernization appeals to them more than strate/fization as the responses of all cetagories of respondents range above 4. Most castos including the Brahmans (4.15 and 4 10) of Cutrack and Sundangarh respectively speakhighly of emulating modernity while the edivests do not subscribe to say such view

It is further found that the Patte are more amenable to contact with modern wave and emenions than that of the Ganda because of the seormoliveal condition of Cultark duries

22 Are Pana/Qanda following your way of Isfe ?

(Refined language, name, surname, dress, The data relating to Duttack district indicate

the Khandayas (the dominant and elite casts of the area; (4/82) mostly then taking to the was of Bishmen Whereas, in Sundarusch, the Gends follow the sustams of the Agaria (the dom nant and elite casts of the area) (4:85). rantus when Bhulvan (4:60). In fact, the responare suggest that the Pane/Ganda prefer to follow the way of life of non-Brehmans on most Crt-1. Decruse numerically Brehmans are a

23. Do Pana Genda Imitate the customs of higher cestes ?

(Brehman, Khandovat/Britiman, Aparla and

The data of either region suggest shat the Pena/Genda obsequely imitate the customs of higher cases including the Hindulans telbes Date collected through personal intendens from the Pens/Gends respondents also corroborate the fact that they mostly smitste the customs of dominent castes/jribes of their respective greek in sprie of their discrimination against them. a Cultack district, the Pana mostly follow the customs of Khondeyar (4/35) not show of Brahmon (3:95) The tower custee like Dhoba. Chemist and Kendure do have Identical views.

In Sundargarh district, the Ganda largely isuteto the customs of Ageria (4-77) and Hinduland Bhulven (4'36) not those of the Brahmun (297). Thus the son Brahmon Crutes vit Khendavet in Cuttack and Aparia/liburana (tribe) in Sundercarh have been recorded as the Positive reference around by the Para and the

Genfa restrectively

24. Do Pana/Ganda harbour malice against ceste Hindus ? In the cast the Pouz/Gende barboured matter

towards the caste Hindos (or savames) as the latter were the root cause of their anguish and discriminatory status. The respondents of Cottack, serticularly the Brahmen (3:80), feel that the Pana are generally discontain with there se they do not render any kind of Atual services

The Baribs (3'07) and Dhobe (4'00) size have responded in Ilije manner. The Khandavat (\$105), on the other hand, by to dominate over them by Imposing verious socio-resigious crohibitions. Further, it is found that the Pana are again melicious sowerds the Charvar (3-85) and Kandera (3-80) for the letter still discriminate

against them The recondents of Sundernatic though offer identical opinions regarding the issue, the degree of recomment over the caste Mindus is relatively ions then the jettr of Cuttack. The difference

to this context is that the respondents notuding the Mcritane relate their couse of anguish with of accelerating edequate socio-economic upliftments and removal of caste discrimination Some respondents, however, make their destina responsible for their meery. The analysis, of course, indicates that the Pana bear more ma ice towards higher jet/s than the Gende towards the Shall-tolt possibly because the former are more disciminated against than the labor

25. Do Pene/Gende deserva Government help for their wollft ? Delpite the fevourable opinion in this regard

the respondents of either region did deny the potsibility of development (Nough Government helo. The Brohmon (3:93) and the Banks (3:94) of Cuttack sgree that the Pana appear au greatesty needly follows of their village community. At the same time, the researcher records the regative views of some repondents Who larve stated that due to various infrastructural madacua-ies and deficiencies the Pane could not succeed in activiting their goal even though Governmental help bias been provided to them. The Scheduled Case communities like the Dhobe (4-65), however, releat for the cause of the Pane

Some of the respondence of Sundargarh have expressed disagreement on the same and our a of them are eligibly sympathesis. The texprovisors, viz. the Brahman (928. April (340). Bartka (3:84) and Bhulven (3:65) showed little concern. The interesting feature is that the Dhobs (2.74) who have mostly given the negative response, sopine that Governmental help sather allevate their poverty, because they become optimistic and seldon cere to lebour hand to earn bread through their own endeavour According to those respondents, the Govern mental pasietance has an adverse impact on the prospectiv of the Gende This sort of attitude. endeed, hinders the development of the Ganda In the region.

26. Do you know that share are protentive mentures for Pene Gords ? The english tableats that most savenie sennondents of Cuttack are well swar of the protective measures against the discrimination mount for the Harrish (Pana/Ganda) communities then their counterparts of Sundergarts They have the opinion that the constitutions messures Ee mostly in pen and paper, and have little relevance to their norms, way of life. The data further suppost that the Brahman (4 80/4-27), Khandaya) Asaria (4-55-4-37) are more conscious and swere then the Barks (372,3'51). The telbas marries, such as the Batthese (\$70) Khadis (3-35) and Kisan (3-40) have been knowledge ehaut the protective mereures than the severne of Curtisck and Sundargarh, despite the fact that it is also meant for them

27 Do Pana/Ganda have some honourable

equius as yours in the exclety?
This is one of delicate issues, but the biller responses enables one to conceive serson cognitive features of the respondents about the action swatem in until sees.

Though the higher fatis admit that the Hattlens should enjoy equal atmos with them, the mesonase of the casts Hardus of Outlack and Sundargath seem to possess traditional Conservative values as they all responded in complete signerating. It obvisionly means that the Breakman (1991/1901). Khandavist Aprim

1-97/1 (23) Serika (173/1-92) and the tilipse files Boulyer (173), Namid (172), end Kilsen (183) do healths to extravelesce (in extra of the Paca Serial sea opportunity their weight the common life pattern in the village. However its pubble (233), Chamar (270), Kandras (270), Kandras (270), Gamera (270) of Sundaryge Assessed moderat views regard on the department of the country of states among the fower center and this times.

28. Are you (Herijer communities) gwere of the constitutional safeguerds and protective measures meant for

your waters 7 and a seek a number of seek of projects of seek of projects which the let e.g. a commontal seek of projects of seek of the seek of projects of seek of the seek

The anxietys is the responses 50, the cycletion distance as the fixed and circle controlled participant that fixed and circle controlled participant that fixed and circle controlled participant that fixed and circle controlled circle controlled circle controlled circle controlled circle c

Conclusio

The auriest above some trends of change ollarly, mediting off the present stripe of octa- liberton from the poles of adoption. The He yans have become gradually aware of the fundamental splits granted and seriourabled size plant granted and seriourabled size of the students of constitution and some protective measures at the State liberature. This have reculted in releasable of capits rightly on one hand and more seasoftion on the other.

The educated members of higher JAT/2 show a much more liberal attitude forwards ectanow-ledging equality of status of the Harjees though their house are set come forward to before not any

distrib change. Polyaps some factors Illoreservation and these occuse the faci-frontiers have damponed their religiative. There is also the presence of a large chung of the liftcrates who may put up reassable for measures to ensure social mobility for the National.

The social sale on, however moders, owes its imposits to help and controls between the political leaders and the communities of Histipan manifest in time of electioneering. Even when the absorbor in owe town consequent with the middle echelon of power are not quite labraquers. This is an an occupating them file is color-politication which will ultimately enture continuously included in the continuously co

In respect of commensality and consultably there has been no considerable change and the traditions inhibitions remain a stumbing block

However, in the public sphero there are noticeable changes as for as the Heriyans interact in most of constances of public tile. Responses as the India of stitludes bring to light a freed invested equality, and executarisation.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The sulfor is highly grateful to professor N K. Babura. Department of Amiliopology, Uskal University, Bhubeneswar, for his valueble subgestions.

				AMNEXURE	tag .						
An Aftitude-Survey of Savarnas (Ceste Nindus), Herijans and Adivasts (Tribes) in two districts of Orissa	of Savarz	ans (C	Seate Him	dus), Harijan	s and Ac	fivesh (Tribest fe	two data	ricts of 0.	inea	
Ouastron	Dother		Brahene	Coate Hadus Khandayat, Agama	Banka	Dhobs	Hedges	Kondara. Ghas	Tribes Bhuttys Khadie	Tribin Khadin	Kipan
(1)	8		6	(4)	8	8)	Ε	(0)	(8)	(10)	£
1 Do year witto velit Pensi/ Ganda alreass ?	SNG		3.37	337	303	3.05	2.84	4.17	3.07	302	96
2. Do you like to sit with Pena Grade?											
2.1 In private appece	010		1.13	2-80	1.24	1.08	1 88	Z 33	2		
	SMG	:	1-20	2.62	17.1	1.91	- 4	1.38	1.87	- 86	- 80
2-2 ~ public sphere	CTC		1.97	4.02	3.50	3.62	4 10	4.18			:
	SMG	:	2.78	400	2.30	3-36	9.6	3.74	3.27	3.42	3.46
3 Do you like to set with Pens/Ganda political Loders?	SNG		3.47	4 40	0 30 0 46	3.57	4 t 5	3.46	3.47	9	3.10
4 Do you five to have free mixing with Pana/Gerda 7											
4-1 In your street	CTC		1-07	1-93	1-35	1-87	1.08	2.06			
	SMB		1-39	2.12	1.38	1.22	2:32	572	1.42	2.62	2.2
4.2 In your villege	SNG	. 1	142	2.00	1.41	2.63	2.16	3.40	2.05	5.70	2.37
4.3 Qurada Wilage	CTC		213	3.90	2,20	308	3.34	867	3.20	3-27	2.82
4.4 In public places	CTC		310	3.45	387	3.38	473	457	3.76	3.75	6

Column C		100	(5)		(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	8	(8)	(6)	(10)	(1)
Color 100 10	A G	Do you like to allow Pana/ Gloda to your hages ?											
No.	2	willages .	CTC		1 30	130	121	1.06	1.08	1.45			
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			SMG		1 10	170	138	130	7.40	1:32	1.30	1.62	-
	5	Synathy	CTC		222	3.40	2.21	2758	1-83	22.2	,		
The state of the s			DMG		210	237	215	2.53	198	1.65	130	1.82	1.00
1	28 9	g 8	SNG		2.57	2.20	1.97	278	204	272	187	217	:62
FOR THE PARTY OF T	022	a year lifes to rafi your encytead, land to any cst/Ganda, if in distross?	SNG		188	180	1.8	1.48	112	163 210	3	1,67	1.78
Markey CTC 117 240 151 177 251 287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287	623	a year like to again na/Gande imp village riples ?	SNG		212	2.52	207	2.45	27.55	27.65	: 12	245	2.42
- Groot 120 7:15 7:15 7:15 7:15 7:15 7:15 7:15 7:15	2 2 2	Yes like to purchese convex from Pana/Goods contributed (copies ?)	CYC	:	167	2 60	1.68	1,77	218	É		;	
	6	thin village	SNG		2.02	2.18	1 34	2,5	47	9	216	2-97	į
THE COLOR OF THE TAX O	ε		cre		182	2.65	2.06	272	738	120	:	ì	-
100 244 414	8 5 K	you like to invite your own Pena/Gards to any your covernonies?	SNG		181	2.58	ğ	2.81	4.67	4.85	7	5.80	8
300 449 450 450 375 459 459 469 469 479 (TO 2.92) 225 229 149 245 229 149 279 149 279 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	2	intimate friends	cro		3,46	3.67	2.84	2.63	4.80	ž,			
CTC 285 372 148 246 226 148 149 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15			SWG		4-49	4 55	4:46	3728	4.38	35	4.40	4147	90.4
540 . 320 389 199 208 282 196 375 389 389 389 389 389 389 389 389 389 389	2	co-villagans	CTC		2.85	3.72	1.49	2.45	2.08	1.48			
CTC 182 195 1777 1700 1702 1736			SMG		3.20	3.82	8	2.08	222	136	375	3.67	343
102 176 123 194 1,40 138 149 179	2	known Gendensen:	CTC		1 82	1.85	123	1.00	1782	178			3
			SNG		1.02	7.75	1.23	1.04	1760	138	110	6.5	: !

138
SMG 133
CTC 231
cre. 1
TH. 1147
r
CTC. 1-45
SNG. 1-42
erte. 118
5MG, 1:05
CTC. 257
SING 2728
CTC
SWG.
. Olo
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Company Comp		100	3	1 -		. ;	3 192	1.45 247	,	1146 217		144		500 307		425 442		1-72 1-80	!	
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	1							2.18 4.30	245 343	218 430						F14 327				
(1) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4		(8)	260	3 5	32	. 644	8 85	191	2.82											
1	-										3-44	2.85	122	1.00	4.78	4.83	2 88	1-00	103	3,000
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)																				1.28
The control of the co		(3)	2.1	2		1.40	3402	1 62	312	162	3.80	3.76	1.10	1.05	397	4-28	1.20	1.10	115	1.17
Office of the control																				
The control of the co						SNG					_	SNO	CTC	SNG	010		_	SMG	-	SMG
	J			IB-1 Your son and a Panay	Send girl, 16'2. Your daughter and a Pang.	Contras accy	16:3. Your brother and a Panay Genda girl		Your slater had a Pana/ Ganda bov	Would you like to leave sorvices from Paus/Candu ?	Rittuelle		Domestic charas		Agricultural work	Would you like to serve Pana/Gende, if required ?	18 f. Phusis			

10		(2)	£	(8)	(3)	(6)	8	(8)	(8)	(10)	£
The control of the co	De you think that Panol Genda ase mote dirty and unclose than you feel?										
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	for dome	CTC	1.87	2.25	2.05	2.37	2.08	4.30	1	;	2
The control of the co	east of these	SMG	2.25	2.40	2.85	53	3.62	4.32	3-10	305	20
The property of the property o	and best from	ore	138	2.37	2.84	2.63	2,52	4.03		:	
De popular de production de la constant de la const	Personal Inguistra	SNG	257	278	2,00	2.16	4.05	4.62	3.07	3.15	14
Outline interliging 40: 200, 2014 377 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375	To you feel that Para!	010	2.02	8.0	304	3.67	38	4.18	:	1	:
Expression which control of the cont	Ganda are technishing unc- less practices?	SNG	300	3-77	377	3.85	200	427	3 27	3.62	333
Control and analysis of the control analysis of th	applicate specifies	- 44.0	8/18	4.30	41.18	4.60	4.82	4.57	:		- !
And the control of th	modern way of tiving ?	SMG	410	420	400	623	99.9	4.63	330	4.08	F
The second control of the control of	due Pens/Gande following	. 213	3-47	42	128	2,50	2.10	2.48			
Description between the CTC 319 4.28 71 75 42 45 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	your way of life ? (refind dislact, name, Bur name, dress, food, and ritigis)	SNG	3.67	8	ž.	15 m	100	8	2.80	2.00	2
And the control of th	on Para/Ganda imites the	CTC	2.86	84	3.77	349	4.35	4.10		:	
De presidente ineigne CTC - 359 368 370 468 386 389 1- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	customs of higher cattom? (Brahman, Khand a y a 1// Badhervan, Agarin and Hindulged 3/min/s)	SWS	5.87		\$	273	2,4	8	8	4 92	po po
miles outside commerce and the commerce outside commerce					247	4100	3942	88	1		
Do Pusiciousis deserve CTC 353 450 354 445 470 498 G. Pariciousis deserve CTC 353 540 354 445 445 445 459 453 545 427		SNG	388			2,6	3.05	92-5	4 10	385	3.60
Government help for their sing. 325 340 394 274 436 456 355 427	Do. Bent/Cumbs	CTC	3.83			4.6	4.70	4.00			
		590	3.28			274	438	4 00	3.08	4.27	4 40



SNG-Surdageb dasks

* CTC -- Cuttack district

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TRIBAL CUSTOMARY MARRIAGE AMONG SELECTED TRIBES OF ORISSA

SRIKANTA MIBHRA

The section-special designation of the fellow of the Size of Online speaker to the vary low Orlean robot see vey and culture from a secential core of the exemption of the contraster of our contraster of the con

n any civiliand and progressive society, manifes as a missionise. It is the scele of a family which in term is a significant. It is the scele of a family which in term is a significant service. The medical as a significant service and service as a significant service and service as a significant service social system, by as an institution which constituted the consisting discal in the secrety of the service and service as a service of the secrety of the of th

Terding to the topic at approved above it this after the present writing proposes to updright some of the tybel customary manages which is confined only to tribes like Ho, Kherle, Mindhed, Plan Oxion of the Steel

n the Mayurbhani district of Oriesa penerally

HO is one of the important follow. Here adult markings in the rule. The quantity of bilds-order conditioning of many hasds of eatifolia is significant festure for the grooms.

A dutem kerl/ or marriage brotter is exisced misoning the tribs who center on the requisition. White see exchanged by either party. Here district or bride-price is the procest factor or bride-price is the procest factor is a macellage. The command of bride price is familiarily prohibitive these days.

On this days of marriage into book is exceeded.

On this days of marriage into book is exceeded.

to the bridgepoom's focuse by the femile french and an inflat must singing and clancing. Her training and clancing, Net rotation and electron and the second of the control of the control

There is not much of a situal. The bedegroom pladges the bode pouring some of the handle (leque) from his dup of sal leaves into her the complience is returned. The groom they applies vermices on the forehead of the bride This coondates marrieds.

Leady, a grand feast with handle and mehue wine follows: The bolde is their received make house flast by her mother-in law.

B Klysra

in Taleara sees of Sundergath district of Chissa Kharin clibe is found. Among them after tentative assection of a bidd the astronger is opticilled as to the suitability of the most-heath and other softwart considerations are jaken imposecount.

I've main shrust of the burden of marriage falls on an outsider, garned alone who not only officested is marriage but takes change of the

alaborate rituals. The father of the bridegroom entrusts to hoss all the articles, cliebes, diseases and other terms required for the meritage.

Here the payment of bride-price is symbolic of the claim of the bride process over the bride.

On the day preceding the marriage two of the casterner from the budgecomm's side are deputed to fetch the bride. Marriages are actemized usually in the day time. The builde is accompanied with a host of feterals and reletive including a number of her gill frenche.

The disea exemple to all the allebours fluids of maniger The gipls flesh water and bathe the belot. The prodeption is given a bath the belot. The prodeption is given a bath by the bory of the village, bed in the lands and belotgeness was never derives and all down control of the below the lands. The lands are desired to the below the hands. The lands are control of lover their beeds and contact that is served to the lands and winder the light hands of both. This produce is the belongs part of warrings and white baths are discussed to the lands and winder the lands of lands of the lands of lands

After two on of the hands both the philoses are blinn to a surveyer spot where a skelp of stoop as loopt. Both are made to ensed on the stoop Behind the bittle stacks the bridesprom. The signer tribue a pitcherful of water and

with a few matigo leaves opinishes the water on these hands. These both the perfects recipin to the marriage platform again and six side by side. The brother-so-law of the bridgecom collivers him a fair for which he is presented with a cloth. All the crossess brought by the label are schilded at this point. The bride and the bridgecom live as heapend and wise looss the cent div.

and while trees that creat very account of the Chairs child mannings to call Marriage of vaccious and chroproses are activities to case of chromatic are activities to case of children and case and children and the case to cannot be cased to cannot be c

C. Mirdhee

The term Mindhe means head ourset. It is a email Dravidian bibs which is found in the furtists of Sembalour and Balangin the above

who is divided into a number of exagamous sects, called clan. Adult marriage is the usual practice. Marriage of widows and divoted women is allowed. Again, marriage with the diagoister of ones' materials, such is possible.

Generally most marriages are Finalised through most control the present of the boy usually take the entitieties in a marriage served through supplier from Their choices a negotiator whem they can facilities and desend on the loci (Finalises) or Committee of Committ

On the preceding day of maylege, two elderly women of the bidegroom's party visit the house of the bride in urder to fetch har to the house of the bride in urder to fetch har to the house of the bry an the date of marriage. The women test the distance and no forms drum besting

Manage rituals are ostabilisted on a slased olations usede a shed reportably constructed for the papeas. The parents of the boy tousely lead over the serties -exposability of meetings to as added your despensability of meetings to as added your despensability of meetings who as second with final authority to operate on behalf of the purpless of the purpless of the behalf of the purpless of the behalf of the purpless of the behalf of the purpless of the purpless of the purpless of the behalf of the purpless of the purpless

The meriage is followed by dance, fast and dank, files and goldene (iquo.,) must be served

Among the Minches the udulir form of manage (when the boy and pir fat: in core and decide to matery) is president but Jinkigs form lanchting manings by capture is hypotted as rase. A table four follows the officer of minage. Here manings within the achies can be problemed. Separation from the family of orientation does not take place maned only a family managed or aduly it bors.

Orean In the Sundarpark district of Orises apacially

in the source of Bonst and Googby. Owon follow is found. Among them solid next series is the pale. This difference of laps between the bestband and with is often evy amill fand in waldow and divideo meringas, the gap is sovered to grave sometime yout no place to we man being sometime.

Bafore the convencement of a regolation for mirrage, final traditional princt is consulted. The bubbarner sit together and propose a parti-

The Cuttom of boils broke in provided how and if you bottles of liquid net in the enough to the briefs perry. After this is given the dark for hardstell in the briefs perry. After this is given the dark for hardstell in the broke the provided ordering and product of the broken of t

Mantage hypotions continue for four days.

All relatives of the bridgeours arrive on the first
day for prepring the after and the effect. They
sting and days or nearly.

The home and village daisles are worshipped with fowls and liquor. The maniega procession which includes the bridgroom and members of

atthir are precently for the bride's village Another procession from the bride's village with the bride of procession from the bride's village with the bride or careful return of the procession of the procession of Allanday's to commended on the air also vivial the ground patticipation of the along and decision to growing patticipation of the second and procession house. On the other decision of the growing to favor discensional between which the bridgemones in section of the procession of the bride procession of the procession of the procession control of the procession of the procession procession processio

E Conclusion

To conclude this ethois some tribute of O uses attituogils were presented in course of historical processor but med of their related their outsides with the concerning man sign. The thoise seam to have a friended in the social nutries of the sign of their controlled to the controlled of the controlled of their controlled of

so as to provide opportunities for their employment; provision has also been made to provide free education to their shildren upto. University level.

TABLE 1
List of Ingititations for Scheduled Castes in the

Article	Provisions	
18	Prohibition of discrimination	
18	Equality of opportunity	
17	Abelition of unrouchability	
23	Abolition of forced labour	
46	Special care for weaker sections people	¢
330, 332	Representation in Parliament	
338	Reservations in Public Services	

*Source—Report of Commission to Scheduled Cars and Scheduled Tribs, 1980-81. (3rd Record)

In apite of all these legislations and atterrigation of a consideration of these society down trades progle has not yet once to provide the standard, as expected in this consists an attract was made by the authors to felve a study with the objective to find out the seal society of the seal of

METHODOLOGY

This motivation sholly was served out to see Scheduled Carponaless sillings of that differe of Disks. All the feet make sillings of the second server of the second second

individually by means of a structured echedule. The apolicement of each family was interviewed by the authors and the result an obtained was analysed by means of simple statistical methods and intersected.

RESULT-DISCUSSION Books Participation and Cosmopoliteness

Social participation of an individual significahis/her degree of perticipation in verious social, cultural and political presmissions, while cosmopoliteness desermines the outward orientstion outside the locality. Both the terms have got immensy importance for any individuals, progress and development of the society as a whole it was found out that the respondents had not very lose degree of social participation and they were mostly locality in nature. Only 20 per sent of them were found to have participation in village youth clubs, recreation centres and penchayet semities to some extern. Similarly they did not have any opportunity to keep contact with outside world This is because of their poverty and struggle for livelihood. In this process they hardly and any time to meet people from outside their locality and to mote social contact. Only a few of them had turion of phrice visited the courby Block office, Bunk or Co-operative societies regarding the loan metters and similar sligd activities. This low degree of exposure, due to loss outsides contact and low social participation had

e great impact on their meagre socio-ecanomic

conditions. This confirms the findings of Santha-

ram of al (1984). Education

Education is the sole factor to plimb the ladder of development. An educated man will definitely understand his rights, privileges and problems and follow recommendations in an effective marsher it was found due that a large majority of Scheduled Caste Illerates were without any formet education and there was a shorp decline in number of students who have completed the printery education. There was, of course, a considerable progress in the Interpoy rates in urban areas, but the literacy rate in case of Scheduled Cases people in sural grees was mill very low, perticularly among females. Because of poverty and family pressure to earn comething for their survival they did not have enough opprotunity to attend schools. Although Government was giving free dress, position is case of Schniffeld. Crims had been professible you do conceal or their your fluinced person and prevailing social projection. After the propriets have been given been communicated with the communication of the communication of the project of the composer and their man such that make in appoint on the section of the submitted to composer of the submitted been to consider the composer and their man to consider the submitted been to consider the submitted been to consider the submitted been to compose the submitted been the submitted the submitted been the submitted the submitted

of the people, periodicity enough the women conditions.

According to the standard fitted by the Nictoral Government (7th People any thinking the read lends having average amount family to read lends having average amount family forces before \$4.000 was considered to be bloken the powery line. As per the standard powery the standard families are powery the standard sense and powery the standard property was ware to the people of the people way was not the legal or riginal vegotion but the way was not the last.

obsings of purchasing power.

This turbors made as estimate by switting expensions and deplicate of the Horizon Samiller right-ding the evaluation of this audi problems and shortcomings which class in their policy of development. Those assistments were existent

- Efforts should be made by the Gaussiment to Increase their income by providing them more days of employment, land for cultivation and financial assistance for business and enimal husbanders.
- They had blamed some Government officels and village touts for the exploitation white getting a loan or finencial essistance though (R.D.P. or finencial essistance thoug
- explaination while getting a loan or fine-raid essistance through (R.D.P., or E.R.R.P.).

 3. The prevailing wage rate was found so be one of the major problems, and
- enhincoment at any cost is very much accessiny keeping in view the rapid rise in prices of essential commodities.

 4. Most of the respondents had suggested that meeting about I he half in the
- Most of the respondents had suggested that meetings should be held in the respective villages before granting

Sinancial assistance to identify the real mondy persons and to avoid wrong identification of becarictains. The same type of observation was also fined before by S. hoc and Mondai (198).

Level of aspiration of the respondents

le has been established by Sprinlopists that people should be helped according to their septytions so as to help them to improve their socio-aconomic condition. It is no pood to impose something without consulting the programme perticipants. It has been widely cateduced by many authors about implanted approach of development which does not arouse intress of the people. The Planning Communion has also excommended that assistation modul in probably the most effective one for the wasker. sections of the society to qualit there serves poverty line. Considering all these, on attempt were made by the authors to find out the name. tion (Social Political, Ethnical), of the respondones.

The etpdy revocied that 80 per spet of the

Social Aspiration

respondents wanted to be at pay with costs Hindus and enjoy at facilities and previledoes like that of the upper costs people. But 28 per sant of the respondents had supported unfauchability on the piec that in the name of consuchability they were able to enjoy soutist proviledges from Government i. e. subsidy, loan and jobs, etc. But Inspite of encountement given by the Government most of them except some young people considered the Inter party membage on a special tendo. It was observed that majority of the respondents did not see any danger to their social security but some had a feeling that there might be some trouble In future as it was happening in other parts of the country. It is a fact that there exists a yest communication gap between the administration and the common people. The rescondecis being mostly distorate were unable to rend the printed meterials. So, necurally they wanted more information from Government officials and Voluntary Organisations reparding their various problems perticularly regarding the legal mertare. Similarly, toost of the respondents had favourable sediration for family plenels and education for their children. But it was observed that the dropout in the village schools was a common photomena which was Increasing year after year. The probable cause might be the excess necessire exerted by the illiterate weigh earning naments on their children to follow the saroe perental octupation. So fill as participation in villago pullcy decision was concerned, majority of the reaccordents were not incorested because of the fact that Scheduled Caste people in general were upor and they were mostly engaged as want asmers to earn their living. As such show did not have time to devote for such ectivities. Further, it was observed that almost all of the rescondents were dissatisfied with their present level and way of income. This is dofinitely an encouraging trend. This clearly shows that, given proper guidance, training and technology, they will definitely work to increase their level of income.

Political aspiration In a demotratic country like ours, It is very much essential on the part of every obtion to know very wall the civio duties to be performed towards the Netton and the procedural details for eslecting a people's representative. R was interesting to observe that all the seappredents had sussensed their franchise at lenst seco in their life although most of them had no much idea about the election procedure. It was also observed that a majority of the respondents did not went any change in the present election system. However very few of them had expressed their desire to participete in scrive politics. I. e., to be a political leader or Serpansh, etc. Others found no sime and interest to take part in active politice. It was playious that these predominantly wage earning people were so busy for earning their bread that they precioally got no time to spare for

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tholcal aspiration

Regarding the othelcol aspect it was interesting to observe that majority of the respondents did not support cases occupation. Because it was tees remunerative and regarded as lose prestigious. But it was the factor pulled applied responsibility which had compolled some oppose to postinue with their traditional custs accuration. Further, it was also observed that nearly half of the respondents had autorassed desire to offer 'Pule' in village temple if they were allowed to do so, But others annyahanded that it may lead to a caste conflict.

Increased emphasis must be made to apread education among the Scheduled Ceate people. Special efforts should be made by voluntary opensies, agolal workers and Government officials to carry out adult education programmes. As most of the Herijana ere either lansless or have very little land emphasis must be given to provide them facilities to take up non-farming occupations like, trading, dairy farming, etc. The enhancement of wage rate should be considered sympathetically. Lack of communicetton and quidance le the major construint steeding as barrier against their development. So, communication gop between the weaker sections and the Government officials, picnous should be minimised as far as possible. Application of the Study

The authors alnesculy hope that this study

will certainly help the planners to formulate

plans and programmes braing on the real

ptoblems of the Schiduled Caste people.

Secondry, the study can provide vital tips

their actual needs.

regarding their aspiration level to know about ERRP in Bental in Oriesa-A cost study. KHADI GRAMODYDGA Journel, January, 1885, P-194.

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